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| **Activity/**  **Situation** | | | **FULL OPENING OF SCHOOL DURING COVID-19 PANDEMIC FROM 8th MARCH** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| **Location** | | |  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| **Persons at Risk** | | | **Pupils** | | | **Employees** | | | **Visitors** | | | **Contractors** | | | | | |
| **HAZARD(S)** | | | ***Note:*** *this list is not exhaustive and* ***must*** *be adapted for your own needs*   * **Contact Between Individuals Not Minimised and Social Distancing Measures Not Followed** * **Social Distancing Measures Not Followed During Travel to and from School** * **Inadequate Cleaning/Sanitising** * **Shared Resources** * **Spread of Coronavirus to Staff, Pupils and Families, Visitors and Contractors** * **Site User Becoming Unwell** * **Site User Developing Symptoms** * **Inadequate Hand Washing/Personal Hygiene** * **Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE** * **Visitors, Contractors & Spread of Coronavirus** * **Inadequate Ventilation** * **Arrangements for Boarding Schools During Pandemic** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| **CONTROL MEASURES** | | | | | **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION** | | | | | | **YES** | | **NO** | | | **N/A** | |
| ***Note:*** *you* ***must*** *amend and adapt this generic risk assessment to suit your own needs by selecting the controls from the examples provided (adding and amending others where necessary) and then evaluate the overall risk for the activity/situation.* | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| **In considering all of the below risks and potential control measures, please be mindful of your duties under the** [**Equality Act**](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/equality-act-2010-advice-for-schools) **by ensuring that there is no adverse impact on any particular group of staff / pupils with protected characteristics** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| **From 8 March, all pupils should attend school. Secondary pupils will be offered testing from 8 March** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| **Contact Between Individuals Not Minimised and Social Distancing Measures Not Followed** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Consistent groups are in place which reduces the risk of transmission by limiting the number of pupils and staff in contact with each other to only those within the group | | | | | Each year group assigned a different area of the school with specific entry and exit points.  Year groups create distinct bubbles.  Year 7 – Main corridor B Block and B12 side of the Tower and new T Block  Year 8 – 3 rooms in A Block, B4 and B11 side of Tower (inc B16 and B25)  Year 9 – A Block  Year 10 – H Block  Year 11 – G Block (and specialist rooms in H Block)  Year 12/13 – N Block and H Block | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| The school keeps a record of pupils and staff in each group, and any close contact that takes places between children and staff in different groups | | | | | Class registers taken as usual and staff timetables will indicate what staff are teaching which classes at specific times  Any additional support staff or teacher cover, cover supervisors or SLT presence recorded for each block.  Office to hold a definite list of where staff and students are in any particular timetable period. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Distinct groups or ‘bubbles’ that do not mix are maintained which makes it quicker and easier in the event of a positive case to identify those who may need to self-isolate and to keep that number as small as possible | | | | | Bubbles are in place for all year groups. Year group bubbles do not mix in school. Pupils are seated in year groups when using school transport.  Year group bubbles have distinct entry into and exit from the school. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Primary schools may be able to implement groups that are the size of a full class. If that can be achieved, it is recommended, as this will help to reduce the number of people who could be asked to isolate should someone in the group become ill with coronavirus (COVID-19). | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| In the younger years in Secondary Schools (key stage 3), schools may be able to implement groups that are the size of a full class. If that can be achieved, it is recommended, as this will help to reduce the number of people who could be asked to isolate should someone in group become ill with coronavirus (COVID-19). | | | | | Each year group have been allocated its own pod of classrooms and teachers will move pods as dictated by their timetables.  Year 7 taught in form groups for all lessons. Computing and PE only room change to specialist areas but form groups remain.  Year 8 taught in form groups for all lessons, except maths, science, and computing. PE lessons will take place outside of the pod.  Year 9 will be taught in setted classes within the year group pod. PE lessons will take place outside of the pod  Increasingly key stage 3 music lessons will take place in separate classrooms. Full hygiene standards will be used when more than one year group uses a shared space.(as explained later in this document). | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| In Secondary Schools, and certainly in the older age groups at key stage 4 and key stage 5, the groups are likely to need to be the size of a year group to enable schools to deliver the full range of curriculum subjects and students to receive specialist teaching. If this can be achieved with small groups, they are recommended | | | | | Year 10, 11, 12 and 13 will predominately be taught within their pods. Movement will be made when specialist rooms are needed | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Whatever the size of the group, they are kept apart from other groups and older children are encouraged to keep their distance within their groups | | | | | The school day will start at 8.55. Pupils will arrive between 8.40 and this time. There are clear protocols for where pupils should go and how to access the buildings. Departures will be staggered from their classrooms to ensure no cross over of bubbles.  Break times: 11.15 to 11.35 for all students but only one year group a day on a rota in the canteen. Allocated outdoor and indoor (wet weather) space as per protocols.  Lunchtimes: staggered lunch time will be in place as per the year group bubbles. Hand sanitiser stations at the entrance and exit to the canteen.  Each year group has own supply of cutlery and trays and designated half of the canteen and then designated outdoor or indoor (wet weather) space as per protocols  Assemblies (if required) will take place in year group bubbles in the school hall with adequate time between year groups for cleaning. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Schools with the capability to do it should take steps to limit interaction, and the sharing of rooms and social spaces between groups as much as possible | | | | | Each year group has a specific pod area. Face masks are expected to be worn by both staff and pupils in indoor communal areas including classrooms where 2m social distancing cannot be guaranteed. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| It is recognised that younger children will not be able to maintain social distancing, and it is acceptable for them not to distance within their group | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Schools keep children in their class groups for the majority of the classroom time, but also allow mixing into wider groups for specialist teaching, wraparound care and transport | | | | | As outlined above.  Bubbles will consist of year groups with movement for specialist rooms or grouping. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Siblings may be in different groups | | | | | Noted | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Teachers and other staff operate across different classes and year groups in order to facilitate the delivery of the school timetable | | | | | Clear timetables have been issued to all staff indicating the movement around school to the different class groups within different bubbles. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Where staff need to move between classes and year groups, they should keep their distance from pupils and other staff as much as they can, ideally 2 metres from other adults | | | | | Staff are expected to wear face coverings as they move around the school. When teaching they should teach from the front of the class keeping 2m from pupils. Any closer work will be side to side.  Face coverings (visors also if wished) should be worn if there is any working with pupils that is less than 2m and this should be side to side work. A supply of masks will be available in classrooms. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| The number of interactions or changes are minimised wherever possible | | | | | Support staff work within discrete bubbles where possible. Teachers move between bubbles. The resource centre acts as a third staff room to enable social distancing. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Where possible adults maintain a 2 metre distance from each other, and from children | | | | | Staff have been requested to maintain a 2m distance. Staff will wear face covering when moving around the school and will move prior to the movement of pupils.  Staff will be able to use departmental offices, following social distancing. Extra staff room facilities have been made available.  Good hygiene to be adopted with hand washing before and after using a staffroom. Hand sanitisers also available and must be used when entering and leaving classrooms and office space.  Staggered lunchtimes will reduce the number of staff in social areas. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Adults avoid close face to face contact and limit time spent within 1 metre of anyone | | | | | Staff should be at a distance of 2m from students or other adults where possible.  Teaching Assistants/Learning Support should ensure that SEND students are sitting on front row of a classroom.  Avoid face to face conversations. Adults to work side by side with children or from behind children.  Staff briefings and meetings to continue to be held virtually, where possible, or in rooms/halls where 2m distances can be maintained.  - direct close contacts - face to face contact with an infected individual for **any length of time**, within 1 metre, including being coughed on, a face to face conversation, or unprotected physical contact (skin-to-skin)  - proximity contacts - extended close contact (within 1 to 2 metres for more than 15 minutes either as a one-off contact or added up together over one day) with an infected individual  [Guidance-for-contacts-of-people-with-possible-or-confirmed-coronavirus-covid-19-infection-who-do-not-live-with-the-person/guidance-for-contacts-of-people-with-possible-or-confirmed-coronavirus-covid-19-infection-who-do-not-live-with-the-person](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/guidance-for-contacts-of-people-with-possible-or-confirmed-coronavirus-covid-19-infection-who-do-not-live-with-the-person/guidance-for-contacts-of-people-with-possible-or-confirmed-coronavirus-covid-19-infection-who-do-not-live-with-the-person) | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Staff in Secondary schools maintain distance from their pupils, staying at the front of the class, and away from their colleagues where possible | | | | | Within classrooms distancing between teachers and pupils will be maintained at 2m were possible. For closer working PPE is available. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Educational and care support is provided as normal to pupils who have complex needs or who need close contact care | | | | | TAs to be timetabled to work in group bubbles. TA working 1:1 will wear masks and visors will be available.  In lessons TA’s work with pupils side by side NOT face to face and 1m+ distance maintained, where possible.  Learning Support Dept rooms allocated in year group bubbles and students must not mix. TA to be available from 8.40 and stay with student throughout and breaks will be organised within the group bubble they work in.  Intimate care requirements of students will require TAs to use PPE.  Designated disabled toilets to be given to students requiring them but to remain in their year group bubbles.  ERP Base – space segregated for use by year group bubbles. Computers and laptops to be designated to individual students and labelled. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Schools, local authorities, health professionals, regional schools commissioners and other services work together to ensure that children with medical conditions are fully supported, including through the use of individual healthcare plans, so that they may receive an education in line with their peers | | | | | Remote Learning Protocols are in place to support pupils who cannot access in school learning.  In some cases, the pupil’s medical needs will mean this is not possible, and educational support will require flexibility. [Our guidance on supporting pupils at school with medical conditions](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/803956/supporting-pupils-at-school-with-medical-conditions.pdf) remains in place | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Pupils are seated side by side and facing forwards, rather than face to face or side on | | | | | Student desks to be arranged so that pupils are forward facing, wherever possible | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Unnecessary furniture has been moved out of classrooms to make more space | | | | | Only enough desks in the classrooms to accommodate the number of children.  Teacher desks are to remain clear. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Large gatherings such as assemblies or collective worship with more than one group do not take place | | | | | Expectation is that assemblies will be delivered remotely. If the hall is used for a year gathering, it will be ‘fogged’ before reuse. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| The timetable and selection of classroom or other learning environment has been used to keep groups apart and reduce movement around the school or building | | | | | Year groups are allocated an area within school.  Timetabling to reduce movement of students together with one way systems. Entrance and exit doors allocated for each year group bubble area. Signage on doors to ensure this is enforced.  Markers and directional arrows in place. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Break times are staggered so that all pupils are not moving around the school at the same time | | | | | There is one morning break only between 11.15 and 11.35 am.  Year groups will be able to access dedicated open spaces or inside space in wet weather as per protocols.  One year group each day will be able to access the canteen at break time.  Monday – Year 7  Tuesday – Year 8  Wednesday – Year 9  Thursday – Year 10  Friday – Year 11 | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Lunch breaks are staggered | | | | | Lunchtimes: staggered lunch time will be in place as per the year group bubbles.  First Lunchtime: 12.35 to 13.20 - Key stage 3 and year 13  Second Lunchtime: 13.25 to 14.20 – Key stage 4 and year 12  Hand sanitiser stations at the entrance and exit to the canteen.  Each year group own supply of cutlery and trays and designated half of the canteen and then designated outdoor space or wet weather indoor space as per protocols. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Numbers of staff using Staff Room are limited or the use of Staff Room is staggered to ensure that staff maintain 2 metres distance from each other | | | | | Staff have staggered breaks and lunch times as per the students. Temporary classrooms and Resource Centre to be used for staff if staff rooms are at capacity.  Strict hygiene protocols to be adhered too. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Staff meetings take place remotely where possible.  Where this is not possible staff meetings take place in a large well ventilated room ensuring 2 metres social distancing at all times | | | | | Staff meeting take place virtually. If staff do meet they do so in well ventilated rooms maintaining 2m distance. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Consideration given to staggered starts or adjusting start and finish times to keep groups apart as they arrive and leave school | | | | | Arriving to School: Students are asked to arrive in school as close to 8.55 am as possible. Students arriving before 8.40 am will be asked to go to different zones within the school:  Year 7 – quad area between Hall and Canteen.  Year 8 – tennis courts (nearest Youth Centre) accessed via gate near Youth Centre  Year 9 – tennis courts (half furthest away from Youth Centre accessed via gate near Sports Hall.  Year 10 – area between H and G Blocks and around field side of H Block.  Year 11 – Basket Ball courts.  Departures from School: These will be staggered.  Specified entry and exit doors for each year group will be clearly identified. Walk around the outside of the building to access.  3.10 pm – Year 9 exit via doors by A5 and out Youth Centre gates  3.10 pm – Year 10 exit via doors by H3/H4 and across basketball court  3.15 pm – Year 8 exit via doors by A1 and out Youth Centre gates  3.15 pm – Year 7 via doors in B Block quad and then basketball courts  3.20 pm – Years 11/12/13 via Basketball courts.  Late arrivals up to 9:15am will be via the basketball court monitored by AHY. Post 9:15 late arrivals is via main school entrance. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Parents’ drop-off and pick-up protocols planned to minimise adult to adult contact | | | | | Pupils encouraged to walk or cycle to school.  No parental drop off in the school site or Fulfordgate.  School buses to enter school site after 8:40am  F21, F22, F27, F28, F30 to drop off on Hesslington Lane.  Visitors to enter the school by appointment only  Senior staff to monitor start and end of the school day. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| All parents/carers entering the school premises (and in other congested areas around school premises) wear a face covering in addition to social distancing | | | | | Everyone within school buildings to wear face coverings unless medically exempt. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Ensure that you inform those travelling by car that they should wait in their car until the specific drop off time | | | | | Shared within protocols and parental information.  SLT and duty staff to monitor drop off and collection. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Ensure that you inform parents to maintain social distancing from others when dropping off and collecting pupils from school | | | | | Shared within protocols and parental information.  SLT and duty staff to monitor drop off and collection.re | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Parents and pupils are told their allocated drop off and collection times and the process for doing so, including protocols for minimising adult to adult contact (for example, which entrance to use, only one adult per family should enter school grounds to drop off or collect) | | | | | Shared within protocols and parental information.  SLT and duty staff to monitor drop off and collection.re | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| It is made clear to parents that they cannot gather at entrance gates or doors, or enter the site (unless they have a pre-arranged appointment, which should be conducted safely) | | | | | Shared within protocols and parental information.  SLT and duty staff to monitor drop off and collection.re | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Educational Visits must not take place at this time | | | | | Noted. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| From 8 March, school will work to resume all before and after-school educational activities and wraparound childcare for pupils, where this provision is necessary to support parents to work, attend education and access medical care, and is as part of pupil’s wider education and training | | | | | Any after school activity will be within year group bubbles. Appropriate distancing and hygiene procedures will remain in place. Face coverings will be worn if activity allows.  We have no wrap around care. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| You should advise parents that where they are accessing this provision for their children, that they must only be using this, where:  • the provision is being offered as part of the school’s educational activities (including catch-up provision)  • the provision is as part of their child’s efforts to obtain a regulated qualification or meet the entry requirements of an education institution  • the use of the provision is reasonably necessary to support them to work, seek work, undertake education or training, attend a medical appointment or address a medical need or attend a support group | | | | | Any activities taking place after school will be for catch up or enrichment of the curriculum e.g. sporting. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| School works closely with any external wraparound providers which their pupils may use, to ensure as far as possible, children can be kept in a group with other children from the same bubble they are in during the school day | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Where parents are using external childcare providers or out of school extra-curricular activities for their children, you should also:  • advise them to limit their use of multiple out-of-school settings providers, and to only use one out-of-school setting in addition to school as far as possible.  • encourage them to check providers have put in place their own protective measures  • send them the link to the guidance for parents and carers | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| If school premises are hired out for use by external wraparound childcare providers, such as after-school or holiday clubs, school have made sure these organisations have:  • considered the relevant government guidance for their sector  • put in place protective measures | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| **Social Distancing Measures Not Followed During Travel to and from School** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Parents and pupils are encouraged to walk or cycle to their education setting where possible | | | | | Consistent messaging has gone to parents, carers and pupils and is shared in protocols. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Schools, parents and pupils following the government guidance on how to travel safely, when planning their travel on public transport | | | | | Staff, parents and students have been advised of the travel guidance  [Safer travel guidance for passengers](https://www.gov.uk/guidance/coronavirus-covid-19-safer-travel-guidance-for-passengers) | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| **Inadequate Cleaning/Sanitising** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A cleaning schedule that ensures cleaning is generally enhanced and includes more frequent cleaning of rooms / shared areas that are used by different groups is in place | | | | | School staff members are not responsible for cleaning, however, antibac wipes will be available in each classroom for use by adults only and not by students if required. Staff are expected to wipe keyboards on entry and exit from the classrooms.  CSG (contracted cleaning company) are aware of the additional cleaning requirements and we have put in place the following:  Day time cleaning operative in each block and linked to a year group bubble to work in addition to the usual school morning and evening cleans. They will undertake the following duties:   * Bins emptied cleaned and new plastic liners inserted, used bin liners placed in refuse bags in agreed area and tied.  Bins in classrooms that are located near the propped open classroom door * Hygiene areas cleaned including taps, toilets, sinks * All touch point areas eg. banisters, door handles, push plates on doors   **Fogging Machine**   * We use a fogging machine in areas that have use across bubbles eg changing rooms. These are cleaned between year group use and the fogging machine used. * Communal areas including the staff room are fogged on a regular basis.   School Office, Reception, Staff Room, Staff Toilets  and other Offices are clearly identified on cleaning schedules. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Frequently touched surfaces, such as toys, books, desks, chairs, doors, sinks, toilets, light switches, bannisters etc. are cleaned more often than normal | | | | | Cleaning company to work to following guidance issued:<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-decontamination-in-non-healthcare-settings>  Touch points cleaned systematically throughout the day – morning cleaning staff, day cleaners from 11.30 and evening cleaning regimes to be followed including fogging of areas. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Electronic entry systems and keypads are regularly sanitised particularly first thing in the morning and where possible after each use | | | | | Touch points cleaned systematically throughout the day – morning cleaning staff, day cleaners from 11.30 and evening cleaning regimes to be followed including fogging of areas. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Bins for tissues and other rubbish are emptied throughout the day | | | | | Bins are provided in each classroom. These are to be located near to the doors so that cleaning staff do not need to enter the classroom when occupied. All bins emptied regularly. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Stocks of cleaning chemicals, liquid soap, paper towels, tissues, toilet roll, bin bags etc. regularly checked and additional supplies requested as necessary | | | | | School staff are not responsible for cleaning the school facilities. This will be undertaken by the cleaning operatives from CSG. Cleaning wipes will be available in every classroom for use by ADULTS only.  Appropriate cleaning materials have been sourced by cleaning contractor and COSHH certificates are available from the cleaning supervisor.  CSG on site supervisor and school Senior Site Manager to ensure stock levels remain adequate and monitor throughout | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Consideration given to how play equipment is used ensuring it is appropriately cleaned between groups of children using it | | | | | PE equipment is cleaned between use of equipment from different bubbles.  They can be rotated to allow them to be left unused and out of reach for a period of 48 hours (72 for plastics) between use by different bubbles. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Outdoor playground equipment should be more frequently cleaned | | | | | This would also apply to resources used inside and outside by wraparound care providers | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| **Shared Resources** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| For individual and very frequently used equipment, such as pencils and pens, it is recommended that staff and pupils have their own items that are not shared | | | | | Guidance to students and parents with regard to what resources students will be asked to source themselves and use for their sole purposes has been shared. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Classroom based resources, such as books and games, can be used and shared within the bubble; these are cleaned regularly, along with all frequently touched surfaces | | | | | Classroom based resources, such as books, can be used and shared within the bubble; these should be cleaned regularly, along with all frequently touched surfaces. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Resources that are shared between classes or bubbles, such as sports, art and science equipment should be cleaned frequently and meticulously and always between bubbles, or rotated to allow them to be left unused and out of reach for a period of 48 hours (72 hours for plastics) between use by different bubbles | | | | | Classroom resources that are shared between classes or bubbles, eg. Sports, art and science equipment should be cleaned frequently and meticulously and always between bubbles.  They can be rotated to allow them to be left unused and out of reach for a period of 48 hours (72 for plastics) between use by different bubbles. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Pupils should limit the amount of equipment they bring into school each day, including essentials such as lunch boxes, hats, coats, books, stationery, bags and mobile phones (depending on school policy) | | | | | Guidance has been shared with pupils and parents to limit the amount of equipment bought into school each day to that of essentials. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| The ability to clean equipment used in the delivery of therapies, for example, physiotherapy equipment or sensory equipment has been assessed and where cleaning or disinfecting is not possible or practical, resources will be either:  • restricted to one user  • left unused for a period of 48 hours (72 hours for plastics) between use by different individuals | | | | | Any equipment than cannot be cleaned using disinfectant is left for 48 hours (72 for plastics) before being used by another user | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Pupils and teachers can take books and other shared resources home, although unnecessary sharing should be avoided, especially where this does not contribute to pupil education and development. Rules on hand cleaning, cleaning of the resources and rotation apply to these resources | | | | | It is very difficult to adequately clean exercise books. Books should be isolated for 48 hours before marking.  Hand washing and sanitising prior to and after touching books and resources should be adhered to. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Devices/ laptops/tablets etc. that are brought from home to school and back again are cleaned at the start and end of the day | | | | | Only school laptops that have been allocated to staff and students should be in school. They must be wiped down at the start and end of each day in school. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| **Spread of Coronavirus to Staff, Pupils and Families, Visitors and Contractors** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contact with individuals who are required to self-isolate is minimised by ensuring they do not attend the school | | | | | Procedures for self-isolation are clearly communicated with all stakeholders | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Anybody contacted by NHS Test and Trace or local health protection team and told to self-isolate because they have been a close contact of a positive case, has a legal obligation to do so | | | | | Clearly communicated within the school and local community | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Pupils, staff and other adults must not come into the school if:  • they have one or more [coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms](https://www.gov.uk/guidance/nhs-test-and-trace-how-it-works%23part-1-people-who-develop-symptoms-of-coronavirus)  • a member of their household (including someone in their [support bubble](https://www.gov.uk/guidance/making-a-support-bubble-with-another-household) or [childcare bubble](https://www.gov.uk/guidance/making-a-childcare-bubble-with-another-household)  if they have one) has coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms  • they are required to [quarantine having recently visited countries outside the Common Travel Area](https://www.gov.uk/uk-border-control/self-isolating-when-you-arrive)  • they have had a positive test | | | | | Clearly communicated within the school and local community | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| School makes everyone onsite or visiting aware that they must immediately cease to attend and not attend for at least 10 days from the day after:  • the start of their symptoms  • the test date if they did not have any symptoms but have had a positive test (whether this was a [Lateral Flow Device (LFD) or Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) test](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-stay-at-home-guidance/stay-at-home-guidance-for-households-with-possible-coronavirus-covid-19-infection#tests-for-covid-19)) | | | | | This is consistently communicated across the school community. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| The school recognises that if they have two or more confirmed cases within 14 days, or an overall rise in sickness absence where coronavirus (COVID-19) is suspected, they may have an outbreak and will call the dedicated advice service who will escalate the issue to your local health protection team where necessary and advise if any additional action is required | | | | | Used for informing all cases of Covid 19  You can reach them by calling the DfE Helpline on 0800 046 8687 and selecting option 1 for advice on the action to take in response to a positive case | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Where a pupil routinely attends more than one setting on a part time basis, for example because they are dual registered at a mainstream school and a special setting, the settings should work through the system of controls collaboratively, enabling them to address any risks identified and allowing them to jointly deliver a broad and balanced curriculum for the pupil. Pupils should be able to continue attending both settings. | | | | | While some adjustment to arrangements may be required, pupils in this situation should not be isolated as a solution to the risk of greater contact except when required by specific public health advice | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Where individuals are self-isolating and are within the definition of vulnerable, school has put systems in place to keep in contact with them, offer pastoral support, and check they are able to access education support | | | | | Remote learning protocols are in place.  Vulnerable pupils and their families will be contacted by school staff and supported. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Where schools and colleges are carrying out their own testing regime, they make it clear to staff and pupils that a negative test result does not remove the risk of transmission | | | | | All guidelines are followed by all within the school community. There is no differentiation of control for those with a negative LFT.  In some cases, someone who has tested negative may still have the undetected disease and be infectious. It is therefore essential that everyone continues to follow good hygiene and observe social distancing measures whether or not they have been tested | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| The advice for pupils who have been confirmed as clinically extremely vulnerable is to shield and stay at home as much as possible until further notice. They are advised not to attend school while shielding advice applies nationally | | | | | Pupils are supported through remote learning policy and regular contact from the pastoral team.  You will be able to request from parents a copy of the shielding letter sent to CEV children, to confirm that they are advised not to attend school or other educational settings whilst shielding guidance is in place | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| CEV staff are advised not to attend the workplace | | | | | Staff who are CEV will previously have received a letter from the NHS or their GP telling them this | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Current DHSC guidance, informed by PHE, currently advises that CEV individuals should continue to shield even after they have been vaccinated | | | | | This may change as we get further data on the effects of vaccination | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Those living with someone who is CEV can still attend work where home-working is not possible and should ensure they maintain good prevention practice in the workplace and home settings | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| CV staff can continue to attend school. While in school they must follow the system of controls to minimise the risks of transmission | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Staff who live with those who are CV can attend the workplace but should ensure they maintain good prevention practice in the workplace and at home | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Pregnant women are in the ‘clinically vulnerable’ category | | | | | School must complete the New and Expectant Mothers risk assessment as well as the Covid Individual risk assessment.  Both the New and Expectant Mothers and the Individual Risk Assessment must be reviewed prior to 28 weeks when risk factors increase.  Individual Risk Assessments will need to be subject to regular review  [RCOG Q&A covid19 virus infection and pregnancy](https://www.rcog.org.uk/en/guidelines-research-services/guidelines/coronavirus-pregnancy/covid-19-virus-infection-and-pregnancy/#coronavirus) | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Whilst pregnant women are at no greater risks of catching covid, there is evidence that those is later pregnancy are at greater risk of severe illness if they contract the virus and may give birth pre-term.  Therefore, from now on pregnant employees in their 3rd trimester should be directed to work from home if they are currently attending a workplace.  This should happen as soon as possible, and so managers are required to send home any pregnant employees who have reached the start of their 28th week of pregnancy | | | | | As per NYCC recommendation | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Pregnant workers in their 3rd trimester are now to be treated in the same way as CEV staff | | | | | noted | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Volunteers may be used to support the work of the school, as would usually be the case | | | | | The number of people in school is kept to a minimum.  At the moment there are no volunteers in school. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Specialists, therapists, clinicians and other support staff for pupils with SEND provide interventions as usual | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Where it is necessary to use supply staff and peripatetic teachers, those individuals will be expected to comply with the school’s arrangements for managing and minimising risk, including taking particular care to minimise contact and maintain as much distance as possible from other staff | | | | | We have made temporary appointments to cover supervisor roles.  We keep supply staff to a minimum and when needed try to use the same members of staff from one agency only. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Specialists, therapists, clinicians, support staff for pupils with SEND, supply teachers, peripatetic teachers or other temporary staff, can move between settings | | | | | They should ensure they minimise contact and maintain as much distance as possible from other staff | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| **Site User Becoming Unwell** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| If anyone in the school becomes unwell with a new, continuous cough or a high temperature, or has a loss of, or change in, their normal sense of taste or smell (anosmia), they must be sent home and advised to follow the guidance which sets out that they must self-isolate for at least 10 days and should [arrange to have a test](https://www.gov.uk/guidance/coronavirus-covid-19-getting-tested) to see if they have coronavirus (COVID-19) | | | | | Other members of their household (including any siblings) should self-isolate. Their isolation period includes the day symptoms started for the first person in their household, or the day their test was taken if they did not have symptoms, whether this was a Lateral Flow Device (LFD) or Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) test), and the next 10 full days. If a member of the household starts to display symptoms while self-isolating they will need to restart the 10 day isolation period and book a test | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| If a pupil is awaiting collection, they should be moved, if possible, to a room where they can be isolated behind a closed door, depending on the age of the Pupils and with appropriate adult supervision if required. A window should be opened for fresh air ventilation if it is safe to do so | | | | | Pupils socially distance in the hall.  If it is not possible to isolate them, move them to an area which is at least 2 metres away from other people | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| If the pupil needs to go to the toilet while waiting to be collected, they should use a separate toilet if possible. The toilet should be cleaned and disinfected using standard cleaning products before being used by anyone else | | | | | A separate toilet has been identified opposite the hall. It is cleaned regularly and after use by an isolating child. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| PPE should be worn by staff caring for the pupil while they await collection if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained (such as for a very young pupil or a pupil with complex needs) | | | | | See Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE section of this risk assessment  PPE equipment available and instructions have been issued to first aiders on how to put on and take off | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| In non-residential schools, if a pupil displays coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, or has a positive test, while at their school they should avoid using public transport and, wherever possible, be collected by a member of their family or household | | | | | As per school protocols | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| In exceptional circumstances, if parents or carers cannot arrange to have their child collected, if age-appropriate and safe to do so the child should walk, cycle or scoot home following a positive test result | | | | | If this is not possible, alternative arrangements may need to be organised by the school. The local authority may be able to help source a suitable vehicle which would provide appropriate protection for the driver, who must be made aware that the individual has tested positive or is displaying symptoms | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| In an emergency, call 999 if the pupil is seriously ill or injured or their life is at risk. | | | | | Anyone with coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms should not visit the GP, pharmacy, urgent care centre or a hospital | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Any member of staff who has provided **close contact care** to someone with symptoms, even while wearing PPE, and all other members of staff or pupils who have been in close contact with that person with symptoms, even if wearing a face covering, **do not** need to go home to self-isolate unless:   * the symptomatic person subsequently tests positive * they develop symptoms themselves (in which case, they should arrange to have a test) * they are requested to do so by NHS Test and Trace or the PHE advice service (or PHE local health protection team if escalated) * they have tested positive from an LFD test as part of a community or worker programme | | | | | Clearly and frequently communicated to all staff. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Everyone must wash their hands thoroughly for 20 seconds with soap and running water or use hand sanitiser after any contact with someone who is unwell | | | | | Clearly and regularly communicated.  Clear school signage. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| The area around the person with symptoms must be cleaned with normal household disinfectant after they have left to reduce the risk of passing the infection on to other people | | | | | [COVID-19: cleaning of non-healthcare settings guidance](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-decontamination-in-non-healthcare-settings) | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| **Site User Developing Symptoms** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Schools must ensure that staff members and parents/carers understand that they will need to be ready and willing to [book a test](https://www.gov.uk/guidance/coronavirus-covid-19-getting-tested) if they are displaying symptoms. The main symptoms are a high temperature, a new continuous cough and/or a loss or change to your sense of smell or taste. Staff and pupils must not come into the school if they have symptoms, and must be sent home to self-isolate if they develop them in school. All children can be tested if they have symptoms, including children under 5, but children aged 11 and under will need to be helped by their parents or carers if using a home testing kit | | | | | As per staff and parental communication  The advice service (or PHE local health protection team if escalated) will provide definitive advice on who must be sent home. A template letter will be provided to schools, on the advice of the health protection team, to send to parents and staff if needed | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| School have received an initial supply of 10 home test kits and information about how to order to replenish this supply when they are running out | | | | | Testing kits have arrived. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| School determines how to prioritise the distribution of their test kits in order to minimise the impact of the virus on the education of their pupils. | | | | | The test kits sent to schools are provided to be used in the exceptional circumstance that an individual becomes symptomatic and schools believe they may have barriers to accessing testing elsewhere.  These kits can be given directly to staff or parents and carers collecting a child who has developed symptoms at school. In particular, these tests kits will also help ensure that symptomatic staff can also get a test and if they test negative, can return to work as soon as they no longer have symptoms of coronavirus (COVID-19). Further information is provided in our guidance [Coronavirus (COVID-19): test kits for schools and FE providers](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-home-test-kits-for-schools-and-fe-providers/coronavirus-covid-19-home-test-kits-for-schools-and-fe-providers). | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| The asymptomatic testing programme does not replace the current testing policy for those with symptoms. Anyone with symptoms (even if they recently had a negative LFD test result), should still self-isolate immediately according to government guidelines | | | | | noted | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Those with symptoms are expected to order a test online or visit a test site to take a lab-based polymerase chain reaction (PCR) test to check if they have the virus | | | | | Clearly communicated | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Schools must ensure that staff members and parents/carers understand that they will need to be ready and willing to provide details of anyone they have been in close contact with if they were to test positive for coronavirus (COVID-19) or if asked by NHS Test & Trace | | | | | All pupils and staff that test positive are contacted by school | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Schools must ensure that staff members and parents/carers understand that they will need to be ready and willing to [self-isolate](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-stay-at-home-guidance/stay-at-home-guidance-for-households-with-possible-coronavirus-covid-19-infection) if they have been in close contact with someone who develops coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms or someone who tests positive for coronavirus (COVID-19) | | | | | Household members of those contacts who are sent home do not need to self-isolate themselves unless the child, young person or staff member who is self-isolating subsequently develops symptoms.  Information given to all self-isolating staff and pupils | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Parents and staff are asked to inform the school immediately of the results of a test | | | | | Schools must not share the names or details of people with coronavirus (COVID-19) unless essential to protect others.  Anonymity is ensured | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| If someone with symptoms tests negative for coronavirus (COVID-19), then they need should stay at home until they are recovered as usual from their illness but can safely return thereafter. The only exception to return following a negative test result is where an individual is separately identified as a close contact of a confirmed case, when they will need to self-isolate for 10 days from the date of that contact | | | | | Schools should not request evidence of negative test results or other medical evidence before admitting children or welcoming them back after a period of self-isolation.  This is school procedure | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Someone who is self-isolating because they have been in close contact with someone who has tested positive for coronavirus (COVID-19) starts to feel unwell and gets a test for coronavirus themselves, and the test delivers a negative result, they must remain in isolation for the remainder of the 10-day isolation period | | | | | This is because they could still develop coronavirus (COVID-19) within the remaining days | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| If someone with symptoms tests positive, they should follow the [‘stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection’](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-stay-at-home-guidance) and must continue to self-isolate for at least 10 days from the onset of their symptoms and then return to school only if they do not have symptoms other than cough or loss of sense of smell/taste. This is because a cough or anosmia can last for several weeks once the infection has gone. The 10-day period starts from the day when they first became ill. If they still have a high temperature, they should continue to self-isolate until their temperature returns to normal. Other members of their household should all self-isolate for the full 10 days | | | | | This is clearly communicated via letter to all positive cases and those self isolating. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Schools send home those people who have been in close contact with the person who has tested positive, advising them to self-isolate for 10 days since they were last in close contact with that person when they were infectious | | | | | Close contact means:  - direct close contacts - face to face contact with an infected individual **for any length of time**, within 1 metre, including being coughed on, a face to face conversation, or unprotected physical contact (skin-to-skin)  - proximity contacts - extended close contact (within 1 to 2 metres for more than 15 minutes) with an infected individual  - travelling in a small vehicle, like a car, with an infected person.  This is school procedure. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| School must take swift action when they become aware that someone who has attended has tested positive for coronavirus and must contact the dedicated advice service introduced by Public Health England (PHE) and delivered by the NHS Business Services Authority | | | | | This can be reached by calling the DfE Helpline on 0800 046 8687 and selecting option 1 for advice on the action to take in response to a positive case. Schools will be put through to a team of advisers who will inform them of what action is needed based on the latest public health advice.  The Headteacher informs DfE of all positive cases.  PHE York is also informed by the school nurse. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Public Health England has good evidence that routinely taking the temperature of pupils by the school is not recommended as this is an unreliable method for identifying coronavirus (COVID-19) so this does not take place | | | | | We do not take the temperature of pupils or staff. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| **Inadequate Hand Washing/Personal Hygiene** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Staff/pupils/cleaners/contractors etc. will be reminded to clean their hands regularly, including when they arrive at school, when they return from breaks, when they change rooms and before and after eating | | | | | Ensure that staff have sufficient time to wash their hands regularly, as frequently as pupils.  Staff have movement time, and constant access to hand sanitiser. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Consideration given to how often pupils and staff will need to wash their hands and incorporated time for this is in timetables or lesson plans | | | | | All accessible hand basins are available for use and old locked toilets in H Block are now open for use by students.  Hand sanitiser stations are located at the entrances to the school and also in main canteen and Year 12 and 13 dining area.  Hand sanitiser bottles are available in each classroom but can only be used under the direction of the teacher. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Staff working with pupils who spit uncontrollably may want more opportunities to wash their hands than other staff | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Pupils who use saliva as a sensory stimulant or who struggle with ‘catch it, bin it, kill it’ may also need more opportunities to wash their hands and this has been considered | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Help given to pupils with complex needs to clean their hands properly | | | | | Within individual pupil risk assessments. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Risk assessments for pupils with complex needs that may struggle to maintain as good respiratory hygiene as their peers, for example those who spit uncontrollably or use saliva as a sensory stimulant, have been updated in order to support these pupils and the staff working with them | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Hands are washed with liquid soap & water for a minimum of 20 seconds | | | | | All available sinks have liquid soap.  All classrooms have hand sanitiser | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| The school has considered whether they have enough hand washing or hand sanitiser ‘stations’ available so that all pupils and staff can clean their hands regularly | | | | | All sinks are in use and sanitiser is available to all and regularly replaced. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Alcohol based hand cleansers/gels can only be used if soap and water are not available, but is not a substitute for hand washing. Such gels MUST ONLY BE USED UNDER CLOSE SUPERVISION. In normal circumstances pupils should not be using alcohol based hand cleansers because of the risk of ingestion | | | | | Site Team and School Nurse have put PPE resources, including hand sanitisers in every room within the school for use under the direction of the teacher in the class friendly cleaning wipes can be used as an alternative | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| School has embedded hand washing routines into school culture, supported by behaviour expectations to help ensure younger pupils and those with complex needs understand the need to follow them | | | | | Clearly communicated in line with protocols. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| The ‘catch it, bin it, kill it’ approach is very important and is promoted | | | | | Posters have been displayed in hygiene rooms and other significant areas around school | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Disposable tissues are available in each room for both staff and pupil use | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Bins (ideally lidded pedal bins) for tissues are available in each room | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| School has embedded the ‘catch it, bin it, kill it’ approach to ensure younger pupils and those with complex needs get this right, and that all pupils understand that this is now part of how the school operates | | | | | Clear communication through assemblies, signage and via teachers.  The [e-bug](https://e-bug.eu/eng_home.aspx?cc=eng&ss=1&t=Information%20about%20the%20Coronavirus) website contains free resources for schools, including materials to encourage good  hand and respiratory hygiene | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| **Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Adults (staff and visitors) in Primary schools DO wear face coverings in areas outside of the classroom | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Children in Primary schools do not need to wear a face covering | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| In Secondary schools face coverings should be worn by adults and pupils when moving around the premises, outside of classrooms, such as in corridors and communal areas where social distancing cannot easily be maintained | | | | | Some individuals are exempt from wearing [face coverings](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/face-coverings-when-to-wear-one-and-how-to-make-your-own/face-coverings-when-to-wear-one-and-how-to-make-your-own). This applies to those who:  - cannot put on, wear or remove a face covering because of a physical or mental illness or impairment or disability  - speak to or provide assistance to someone who relies on lip reading, clear sound or facial expression to communicate  The same exemptions will apply in education settings, and we would expect teachers and other staff to be sensitive to those needs.  Pupils who have exemption wear lanyards to identify this. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| In Secondary schools face coverings should be worn in classrooms or during activities where social distancing cannot be maintained  **These measures will be in place until Easter when it will be reviewed** | | | | | This does not apply in situations where wearing a face covering would impact on the ability to take part in exercise or strenuous activity, for example in PE lessons  Pupils who have exemption wear lanyards to identify this. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Transparent face coverings can also be worn, but only to assist communication with someone who relies on lip reading, clear sound or facial expression to communicate | | | | | We have a supply of clear face coverings for such occasions. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Face visors or shields are not routinely worn as an alternative to face coverings | | | | | Visors may protect against droplet spread in specific circumstances but are unlikely to be effective in preventing aerosol transmission, and therefore in a school environment are unlikely to offer appropriate protection to the wearer.  In school they are worn with masks if the member of staff wishes to use one. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Face coverings do not need to be worn by pupils when outdoors on the premises | | | | | Clearly communicated and in line with school expectations | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Those who rely on visual signals for communication, or communicate with or provide support to such individuals, are currently exempt from any requirement to wear face coverings in schools or in public places | | | | | noted | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Pupils are instructed to:  • not touch the front of their face covering during use or when removing it  • dispose of temporary face coverings in a ‘black bag’ waste bin (not recycling bin)  • place reusable face coverings in a plastic bag they can take home with them  • wash their hands again before heading to their classroom | | | | | As per school protocols and school messaging. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Clear instructions are provided to staff and pupils on how to put on, remove, store and dispose of face coverings, to avoid inadvertently increasing the risks of transmission | | | | | As per school protocols. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Safe wearing of face coverings requires cleaning of hands before and after touching – including to remove or put them on – and the safe storage of them in individual, sealable plastic bags between use | | | | | Noted and shared | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Where a face covering becomes damp, it should not be worn and the face covering should be replaced carefully | | | | | The school has a supply of face coverings and parents have been requested to provide a spare covering for children.  Staff and pupils may consider bringing a spare face covering to wear if their face covering becomes damp during the day | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Where anybody is struggling to access a face covering, or where they are unable to use their face covering due to having forgotten it or it having become soiled or unsafe, the school has taken steps to have a small contingency supply available to meet such needs | | | | | The school has a supply of face coverings that we give to pupils if needed | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| School has a process for when face coverings are worn within the school and how they should be removed | | | | | This procedure should be communicated clearly to pupils and staff.  As per school protocols | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Adjustments to be made for pupils with SEND who may be distressed if required to remove a face covering against their wishes | | | | | Within individual care plans | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| PPE will need to be worn by a member of staff if a pupil becomes unwell with symptoms of coronavirus while in their setting and needs direct personal care until they can return home. A face mask should be worn by the supervising adult if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained. If contact with the pupil is necessary, then gloves, an apron and a face mask should be worn by the supervising adult. If there is a risk of splashing to the eyes, for example from coughing, spitting, or vomiting, then eye protection should also be worn | | | | | Full PPE is available within school for such events.  [safe working in education, childcare and children’s social care](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/safe-working-in-education-childcare-and-childrens-social-care) | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| PPE for coronavirus (COVID-19) is required when performing [aerosol generating procedures (AGPs)](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/safe-working-in-education-childcare-and-childrens-social-care/safe-working-in-education-childcare-and-childrens-social-care-settings-including-the-use-of-personal-protective-equipment-ppe%23aerosol-generating-procedures-agps) | | | | | noted | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| When working with children and young people who cough, spit or vomit but do not have coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, only any PPE that would be routinely worn, is worn | | | | | noted | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| **Visitors, Contractors & Spread of Coronavirus** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| All visitors and contractors must make pre-arranged appointments or they will not be allowed on site | | | | | Site staff to inform contractors  Visitors to be limited and staff to inform office staff of any appointments booked.  Shared in protocols | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| School ensures site guidance on physical distancing and hygiene is explained to visitors and contractors on or before arrival | | | | | Shared on school website  Shared in protocols | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Where visits can happen outside of school hours, they are arranged as such | | | | | Shared in protocols | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Contractors to attend by agreement only after school have satisfied themselves that it is necessary for the visit to take place at that time and that all required controls are in place to allow the work to continue safely | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Contractors to provide updated risk assessment prior to visit which includes their own controls round infection spread prevention | | | | | Times of visits may need to be adapted to take in to account the ability to maintain appropriate social distancing measures and availability of resources to effectively clean following the visits | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| As normal, school engages with their local immunisation providers to provide immunisation programmes on site, ensuring these are delivered in keeping with the school’s control measures | | | | | These programmes are essential for children’s health and wellbeing | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| A record is kept of all visitors with sufficient detail to support rapid contact tracing if required by NHS Test and Trace. | | | | | All visitors to have an appointment and sign in at the main school reception. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| **Inadequate Ventilation** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Occupied spaces must always be well ventilated and a comfortable teaching environment maintained | | | | | This can be achieved by a variety of measures including:  **mechanical ventilation systems** – these should be adjusted to increase the ventilation rate wherever possible, and checked to confirm that normal operation meets current guidance (if possible, systems should be adjusted to full fresh air or, if not, then systems should be operated as normal as long as they are within a single room and supplemented by an outdoor air supply) | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Ventilate spaces with outdoor air | | | | | **Natural ventilation** – if necessary external opening doors may also be used provided this doesn’t compromise safeguarding measures | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Where possible, occupied room windows should be open | | | | | Monitored by site staff and teachers | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Switch air handling units with recirculation to 100% outdoor air where this is not possible, systems are operated as normal | | | | | Further advice on this can be found in Health and Safety Executive guidance on [air conditioning and ventilation during the coronavirus outbreak](https://www.hse.gov.uk/coronavirus/equipment-and-machinery/air-conditioning-and-ventilation.htm) and [CIBSE coronavirus (COVID-19) advice](https://www.cibse.org/coronavirus-covid-19/coronavirus,-sars-cov-2,-covid-19-and-hvac-systems). | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Prop doors open, where safe to do so (bearing in mind fire safety and safeguarding), to limit use of door handles and assist with creating a throughput of air | | | | | Fire doors must not be propped open unless they have a self-closing hold open device fitted | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| In cold weather where the school heating system is activated, windows are open to provide trickle ventilation rather than being fully open | | | | | **natural ventilation** – opening windows (in cooler weather windows should be opened just enough to provide constant background ventilation, and opened more fully during breaks to purge the air in the space) | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Consideration given to opening high level windows in preference to low level to reduce draughts | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Consideration given to only opening every other window instead of all windows when the heating is activated | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| The school offers flexibility to allow additional, suitable indoor clothing | | | | | For more information see [School uniform](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/guidance-for-full-opening-schools#school-uniform)  Coats may be worn in cold classrooms | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Furniture rearranged where possible to avoid direct drafts | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Heating should be used as necessary to ensure comfort levels are maintained particularly in occupied spaces | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| When heating is activated and windows are on trickle vent, consideration is given to employing desk fans to move any stagnant pockets of air | | | | | Desk fans are pointed away from people and pointed at walls etc. | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| If school needs to use additional heaters they only use sealed, oil filled electric heaters | | | | | Electric fan heaters used sparingly due to increased fire and electrical risk | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| **Arrangements for Boarding Schools During Pandemic** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Where pupils travel from abroad to attend boarding schools, the school needs to plan for their collection and transfer from their point of arrival | | | | | Schools need to have plans in place for the collection and transfer of these pupils to school, which need to be explained to pupils and their parents before they travel. Advice to help schools, pupils and parents is provided in [residential settings with international students guidance](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-guidance-for-boarding-schools-with-international-students/coronavirus-covid-19-guidance-for-residential-educational-settings-with-international-students-under-the-age-of-18) and in [how to self-isolate when traveling to the UK](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-how-to-self-isolate-when-you-travel-to-the-uk/coronavirus-covid-19-how-to-self-isolate-when-you-travel-to-the-uk) guidance | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Where they have travelled from, or have stopped at, a country or territory that is not on the [travel corridors list](https://www.gov.uk/guidance/coronavirus-covid-19-travel-corridors), pupils will be required to self-isolate for 10 days from the day they leave a non-exempt country or territory to travel to the UK | | | | | Where suitable, pupils can self-isolate at their boarding school | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Boarding pupils can be in one group residentially and another during the school day | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| It is accepted that boarding pupils will mix during sociable time | | | | |  | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| If a child in a boarding school shows symptoms, they should initially self-isolate in their residential setting household. Most children will benefit from self-isolating in their boarding house so that their usual support can continue. Others will benefit more from self-isolating in their family home | | | | | [Guidance on isolation for residential educational settings.](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-guidance-on-isolation-for-residential-educational-settings/coronavirus-covid-19-guidance-on-isolation-for-residential-educational-settings) | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| Boarding pupils should not use public transport if they are symptomatic | | | | | If arranging their return to their family home to isolate, schools should follow advice on transport arrangements in the [safe working in education childcare and childrens social care settings](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/safe-working-in-education-childcare-and-childrens-social-care/safe-working-in-education-childcare-and-childrens-social-care-settings-including-the-use-of-personal-protective-equipment-ppe)  guidance | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| In the case of any localised outbreaks, we expect them to keep the residential provision open if at all possible | | | | | Decisions will be made on a case-by-case basis.  They will need to remain open to those who:  -have particular needs that cannot be accommodated safely at home  -do not have suitable alternative accommodation | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
| School maintain safe staff ratios, particularly for those pupils or students whose needs mean that they are safer remaining in the setting than returning home | | | | | Settings should prioritise staffing towards the most vulnerable pupils and students | | | | | |  | |  | | |  | |
|  | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Have you consulted with the people/representatives undertaking the activity as part of the preparation of this risk assessment | | | | | | | | | | | **Yes** | | | | **No** | | |
| What is the level of risk for this activity/situation with existing control measures | | | | | | | | | | | **High** | | **Med** | | | **Low** | |
| Is the risk adequately controlled with existing control measures | | | | | | | | | | | **Yes** | | | **No** | | | |
| Have you identified any further control measures needed to control the risk and recorded them in the action plan | | | | | | | | | | | **Yes** | | | **No** | | | |
| **ACTION PLAN** (insert additional rows if required) | | | | | | | | **To be actioned by** | | | | | | | | | |
| Further control measures to reduce risks *so far as is reasonably practicable* | | | | | | | | **Name** | | | | **Date** | | | | | |
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| State overall risk level assigned to the task **AFTER** implementation of control and action plan measures taken as a result of this risk assessment | | | | | | | | | | | **High** | | **Med** | | | **Low** | |
| Is such a risk level deemed to be as low as reasonably practical? | | | | | | | | | | | **Yes** | | | **No** | | | |
| Is activity still acceptable with this level of risk? | | | | | | | | | | | **Yes** | | | **No** | | | |
| If no, has this been escalated to senior leadership team? | | | | | | | | | | | **Yes** | | | **No** | | | |
| **Assessor(s):**  **Position(s):** | | **Steve Lewis**  **Head Teacher** | | | | | **Signature(s):** | | | S Lewis | | | | | | | |
| **Date:** | | **8th March 2021** | | | | | **Review Date:** | | | **April 2021** | | | | | | | |
| **Distribution:** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Risk rating | | | Action | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| **HIGH** | | | **Urgently review/add controls & monitor, notify H&S Team (if Likely or Highly Likely – stop work, seek competent advice)** | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| **MEDIUM** | | | **Review/add controls (as far as reasonably practicable) & monitor** | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| **LOW** | | | **Monitor control measures** | | | | | | | | | | | | |

